

Georeferencing Soil Maps in ArcMap 9.x: Basic procedures to download, open, manipulate and print spatial data

These procedures outline:

- A. Obtaining soil maps.
- B. Downloading boundary files.
- C. Uncompressing the downloaded file.
- D. Opening the boundary file and soil map in ArcMap 9.x.
- E. Georeferencing the soil map.
- F. Saving.
- G. Preparing the layout for printing and exporting the map into various file formats.

In order to use these instructions, you must have ArcMap 9.x. In this example, we are going to use a soil map of Peel County obtained from The National Land and Water Information Service via the library catalogue. In addition, a Toronto CMA boundary file will be downloaded from the Ryerson University Library website.

A. Obtaining the Soil Map

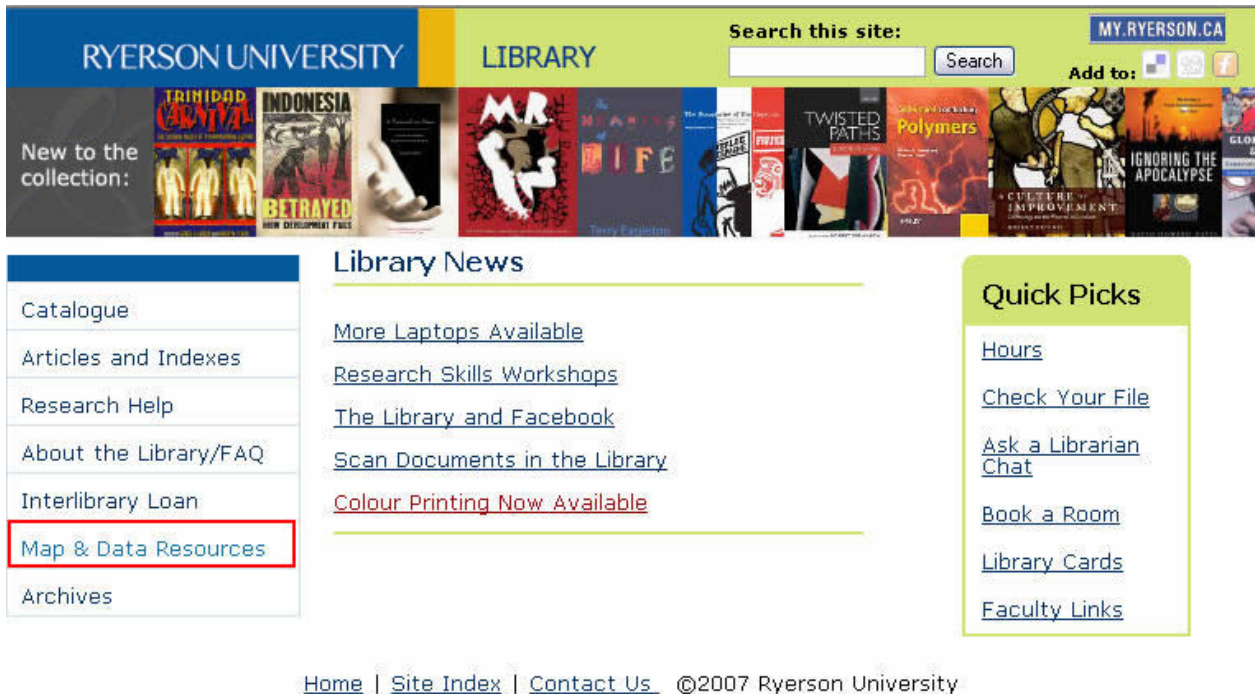
The soil map used in this procedure will be obtained from The National Land and Water Information Service. The Ryerson University Library has various soil survey maps in the Geospatial Map and Data Centre map cabinets as well as on reserve. The soil maps that are catalogued are searchable through the use of the Ryerson Library website. Some of the records within the catalogue have a direct link to The National Land and Water Information Service where users can view online versions of soil reports or download digital versions of soil maps. This procedure will outline the latter.

1. Browse to the Ryerson University Library website (www.ryerson.ca/library) and *click* **Catalogue**. This will take you to the catalogue search page.
2. In the search box type in **soil survey of Peel County**. **Note:** Soil maps in Ontario are published by county, if you would like to select another area type in **soil survey of (desired region) County**. *Click* **Soil survey of Peel County / by D.W. Hoffman and N.R. Richards**.
3. In the Connect to Internet Resources table *click* **View map online**. Scroll down below the map and *click* **Download**.
4. **Save** the file in an appropriate location on your hard drive that is easily accessible.

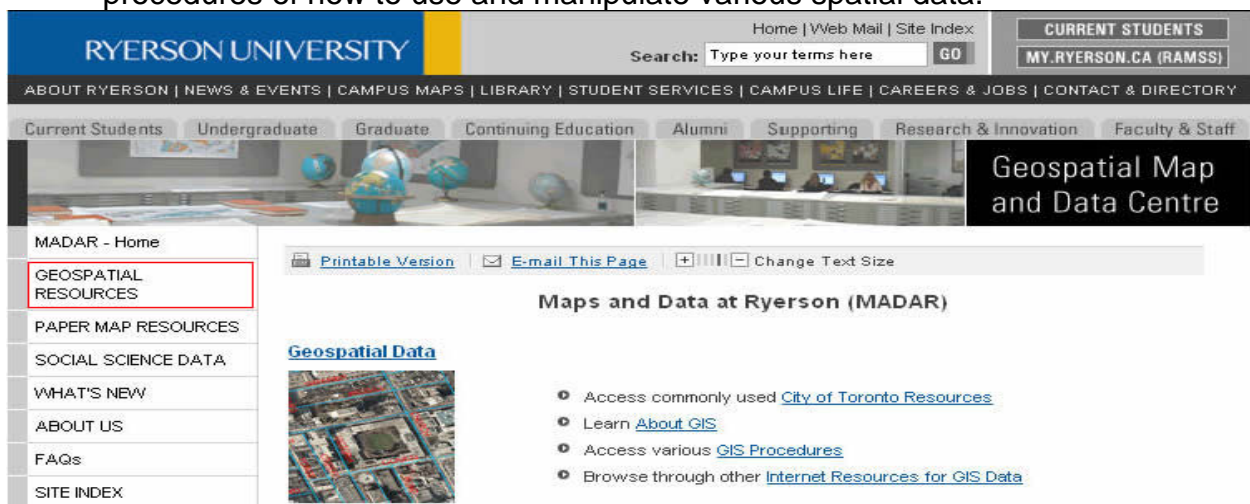
B. Downloading Boundary Files

The boundary file that will be used in this example is found on Ryerson University's Geospatial Map and Data Centre website. This particular Toronto CMA boundary file is part of a series of boundary files created from Statistics Canada census of 2001 cartographic files.

1. Browse to the Ryerson University Library website (www.ryerson.ca/library) and **click Map & Data Resources**. This will take you to the Geospatial, Map & Data Centre page.



2. **Click on Geospatial Data**. This will take you to the Geospatial Data page where you can read about and link to tutorials such as this one that give step by step procedures of how to use and manipulate various spatial data.



3a. In the search textbox, type in **Boundary**. *Click Search*.

RYERSON UNIVERSITY

Home | Web Mail | Site Index

Search: Type your terms here GO

CURRENT STUDENTS
MY.RYERSON.CA (RAMSS)

ABOUT RYERSON | NEWS & EVENTS | CAMPUS MAPS | LIBRARY | STUDENT SERVICES | CAMPUS LIFE | CAREERS & JOBS | CONTACT & DIRECTORY

Current Students Undergraduate Graduate Continuing Education Alumni Supporting Research & Innovation Faculty & Staff

Geospatial Map and Data Centre

MADAR-Home

GEOSPATIAL RESOURCES

-Toronto Resources

-About GIS

-Working with Geospatial Data

-Internet Resources

-Licensing

PAPER MAP RESOURCES

SOCIAL SCIENCE DATA

WHAT'S NEW

ABOUT US

FAQs

SITE INDEX

Change Text Size

Search for Geospatial Resources

Keyword(s) Search

For a multiple word search use one of the formats below:

boundary Search

Use an **'and'** operator to search for resources that contain **BOTH** words. For example: toronto and orthophoto

Use an **'or'** operator to search for resources that contain **EITHER** word. For example: toronto or orthophoto

Use a **'not'** operator to search for resources that contain the **FIRST** word, but eliminate resources containing the second word in a search. For example: toronto not orthophoto

Use a **'*'** to search for resources based on incomplete search words or phrases: For example: ortho* would find orthophoto, orthophotos, orthophotography, and orthorectified

b. Scroll to and *click* the record titled **Toronto CMA and GTA Boundary Files**.

4. This is the record information page that gives detailed information about the data that you are about to download. *Click Link to Index Map*. *Click CMA COUNTY*.

RYERSON UNIVERSITY

Home | Web Mail | Site Index

Search: Type your terms here GO

CURRENT STUDENTS
MY.RYERSON.CA (RAMSS)

ABOUT RYERSON | NEWS & EVENTS | CAMPUS MAPS | LIBRARY | STUDENT SERVICES | CAMPUS LIFE | CAREERS & JOBS | CONTACT & DIRECTORY

Current Students Undergraduate Graduate Continuing Education Alumni Supporting Research & Innovation Faculty & Staff

Geospatial Map and Data Centre

MADAR-Home

GEOSPATIAL RESOURCES

-Toronto Resources

-About GIS

-Working with Geospatial Data

-Internet Resources

-Licensing

PAPER MAP RESOURCES

SOCIAL SCIENCE DATA

WHAT'S NEW

ABOUT US

FAQs

SITE INDEX

Change Text Size

Toronto CMA and GTA Boundary Files

Publication Date : 2003

Edition : 2001

Geography : [Toronto \(CMA\)](#) [Greater Toronto Area \(GTA\)](#)

Description : Boundary files for the Toronto Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) and Greater Toronto Area (GTA). Each boundary file is further divided in to various geographic units.

Accessing the Data : Access data via index map link below.

Index Map: [Link to Index Map](#)

5. You will then be asked for your Matrix user name and password (the same as your Ryerson e-mail and password), fill this information out then *click Login*.
 - a. Read the DMTI Data Release Agreement then *click I Agree*.
 - b. In the view data page *click CMA_county.zip*.
6. Once the file is *clicked*, you will be prompted to Open or Save each file. **Save** the file to an appropriate location on your hard drive.

C. Uncompressing the Downloaded Files

As you may have noticed while downloading the boundary file and the soil image, the extension for the file was **.zip**. This is a Zip file or compressed file. Files are stored in this format on the server to save space. The following section outlines the procedure for uncompressing these files. The extraction process varies depending on whether or not WinZip is loaded on your computer. Select one of the following options:

With WinZip

authrootseq[1].txt	1 KB	Text Doc
blank[1].gif	1 KB	GIF Im:
check2[1].gif	1 KB	GIF Im:
counter[1].js	4 KB	JScript
header[1].js	1 KB	JScript
marc_display[1].gif	2 KB	GIF Im:
mt[13].htm	2 KB	HTML C
mt[17].htm	2 KB	HTML C
on18_map[1].zip	5,700 KB	Compre
style_silver	8 KB	Cascad
view2[1].gil	1 KB	GIF Im:

Right Click

Open

Search...

Print

Explore

Extract All...

Scan for viruses...

WinZip

Open With

Send To

Extract to...

Extract to here

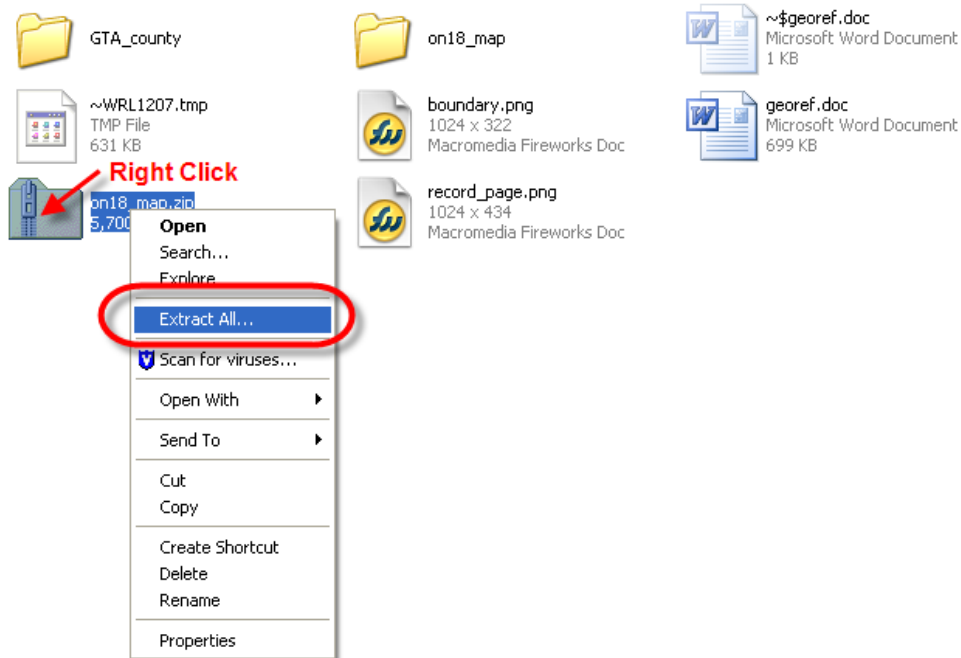
Extract to folder C:

Extract to folder

1. Browse to the location of the downloaded file.
2. *Right click* the desired file.
3. Scroll down to **WinZip** then *click* **Extract to folder...**


Without WinZip

1. Browse to the location of the downloaded file.
2. *Right click* the desired file.
3. In the drop down menu, *click* **Extract All** and then follow the instructions in the **Extraction Wizard** for each file downloaded.



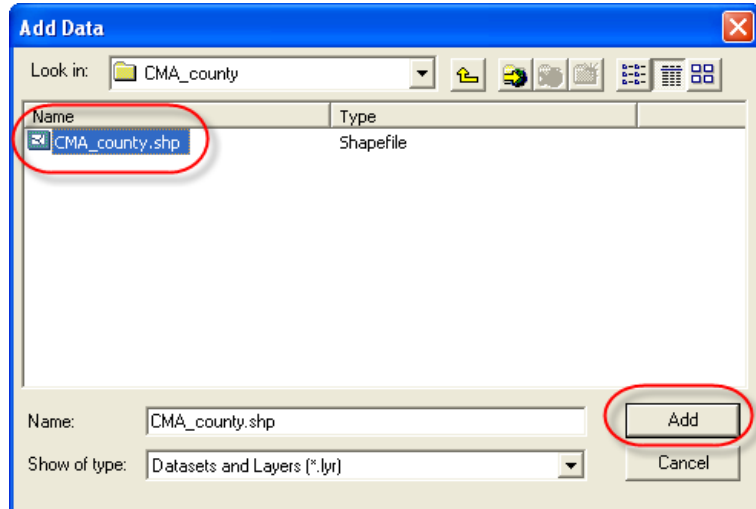
D. Opening the Boundary file and Soil Map in ArcMap 9.x

ArcMap 9.x is software that allows the user to view, manipulate or create spatial data. ArcMap is part of the ArcGIS software package created by ESRI. This section will demonstrate how to open files in ArcMap 9.x.

1. The first step is to open ArcMap. *Double-Click* on the **ArcMap 9.x** icon or *Select* **Start > Programs > ArcGIS > ArcMap**. ArcMap should automatically prompt the option to **Add Data**. Otherwise, *Click* the **Add Data** button  .

- In the **Add data** window, browse to the shape file that you wish to add (in this example it is CMA_county.shp).

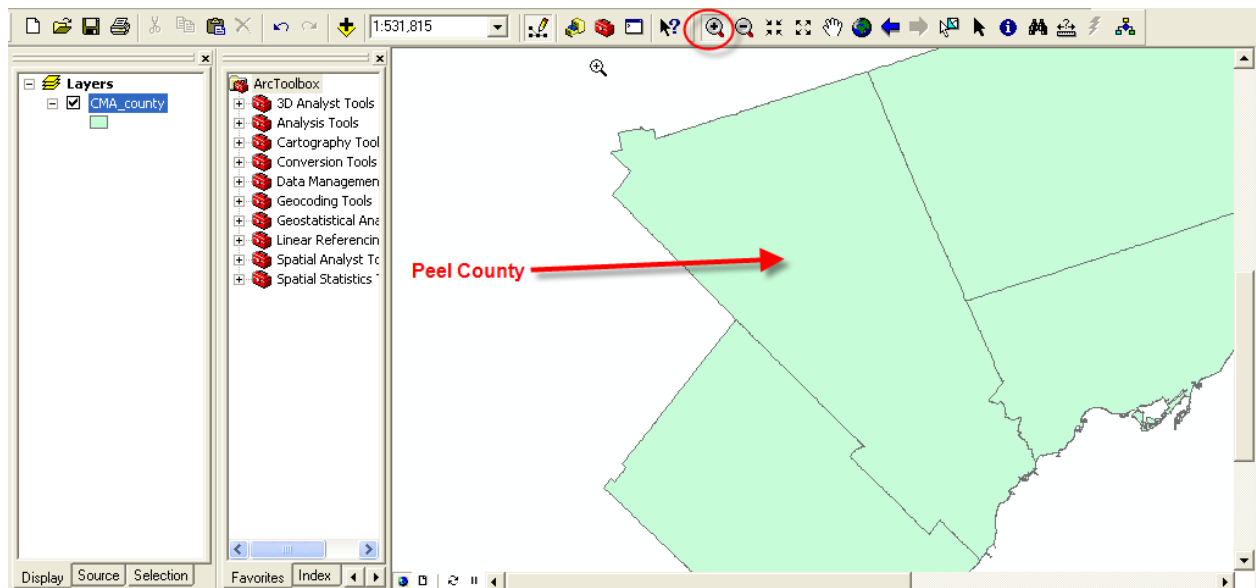
Note: If there were more than one file in this folder, you can hold down the **CTRL** or **Shift** key to select multiple files and open them at the same time.



- Click **Add**.

Your data view (main viewing window) should show a file similar to the one below.

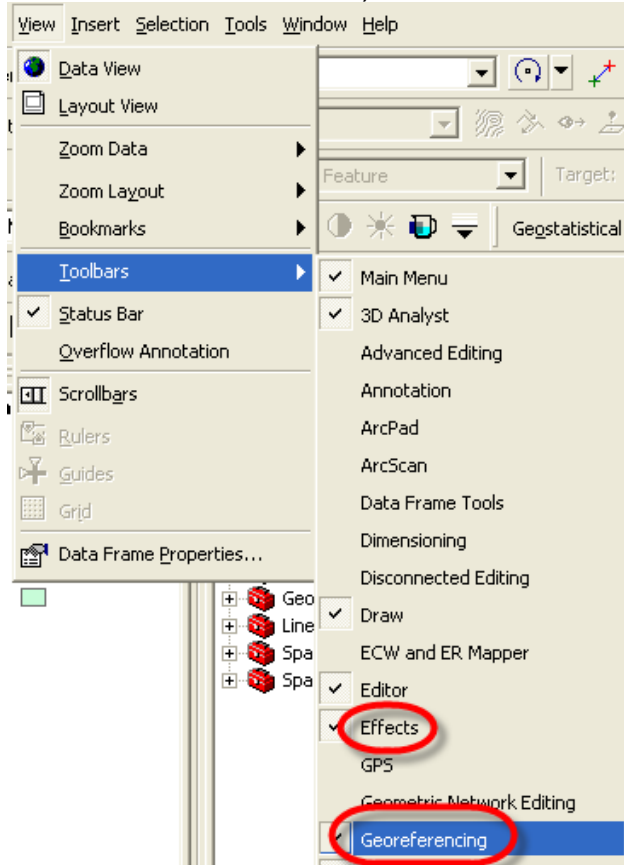
Note: Your colours may be slightly different as ArcMap 9.x chooses the colours at random when the files are initially opened. Zoom in to Peel County.



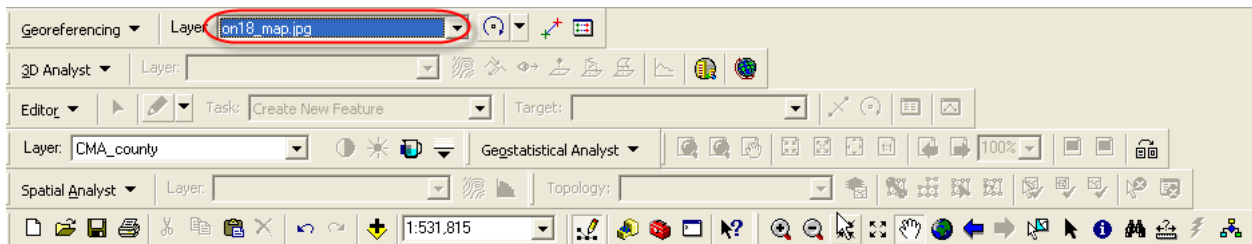
- Repeat steps 2 and 3 to open the soil image (on18_map.jpg). **Note:** Initially, the soil image will not appear in the data view. When adding the soil image, if asked to build pyramids, select **Yes**.

E. Georeferencing the Soil Map

1. From the main menu *select View > Toolbars > Georeferencing* (repeat this step to select the **Effects** toolbar as well).



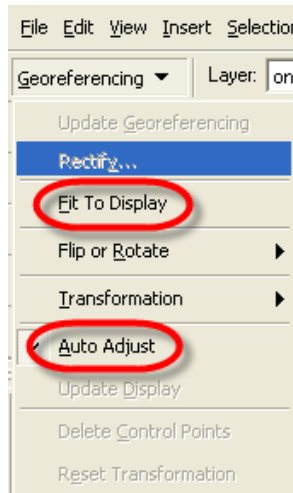
2. Using the **Georeferencing** task bar, select the image to be georeferenced in the **Layer** drop-down window.



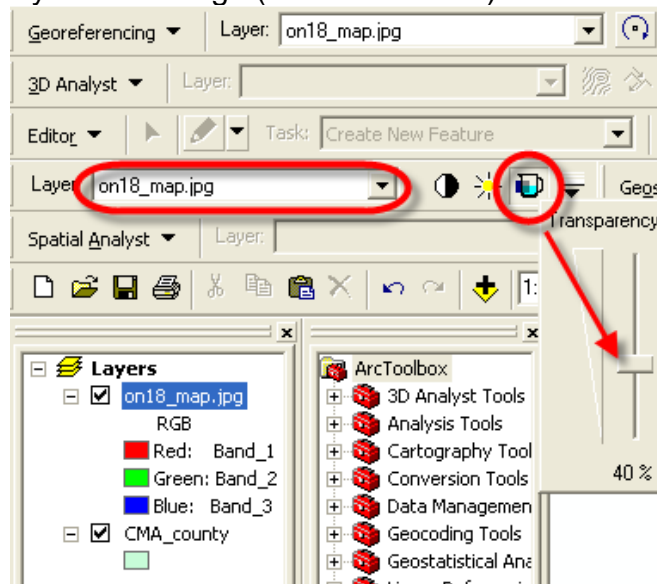
3. Drag the soil image in the Layers window so that it appears above CMA_County.



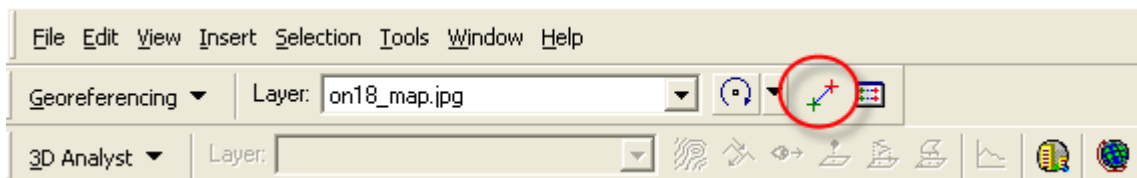
4. In the **Georeferencing** drop down menu, *click Auto Adjust* and **Fit to Display**. The soil image should now appear in the data view.

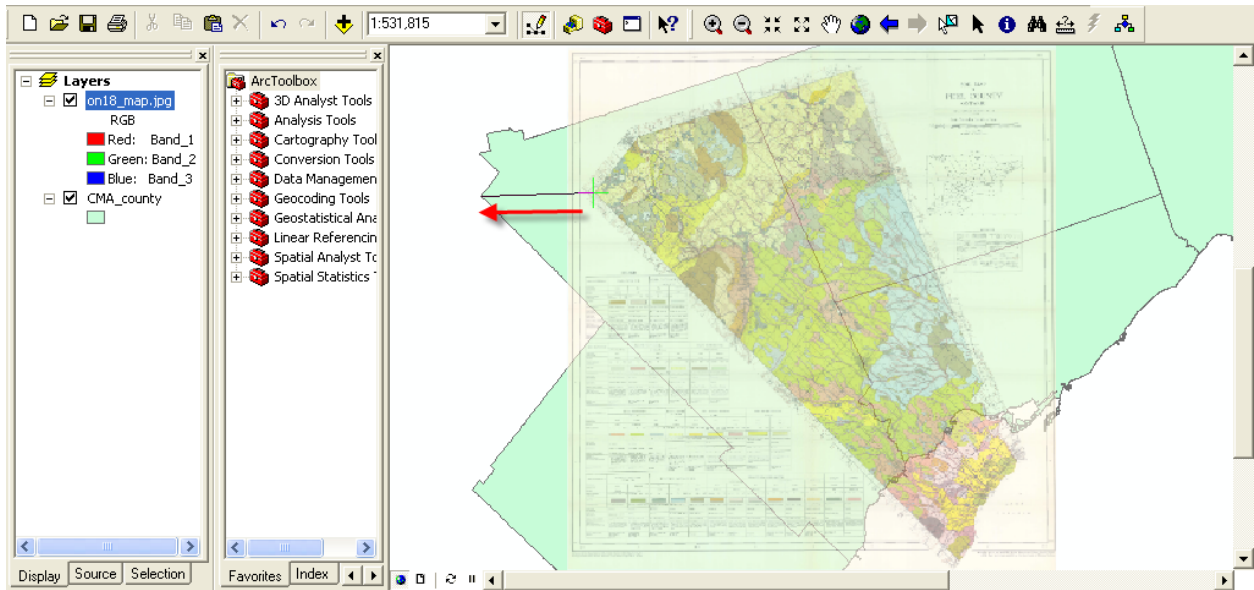


- In the **Effects** toolbar select the soil image (on18_map.jpg) in the drop down menu. Using the **Adjust Transparency** button located in the **Effects** toolbar, select a transparency percent that will allow you to adequately view the boundary file underneath your soil image (40% works well).

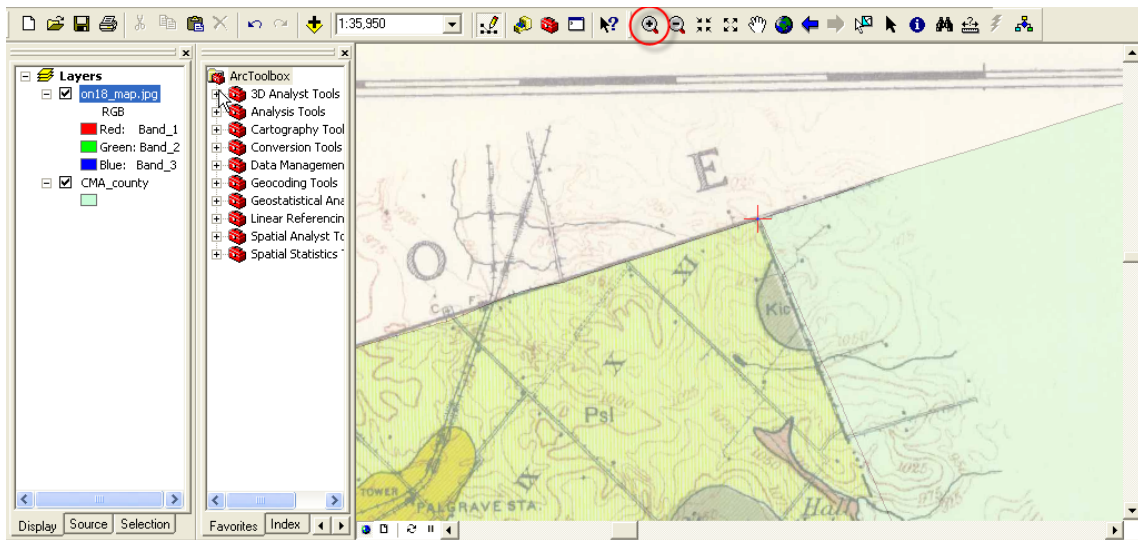


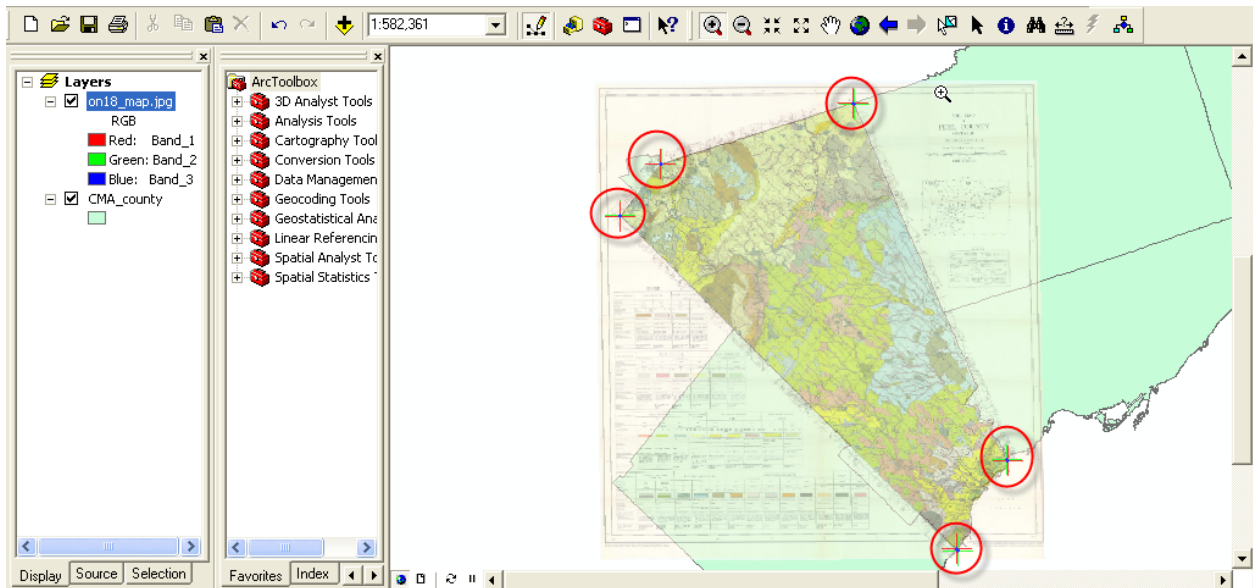
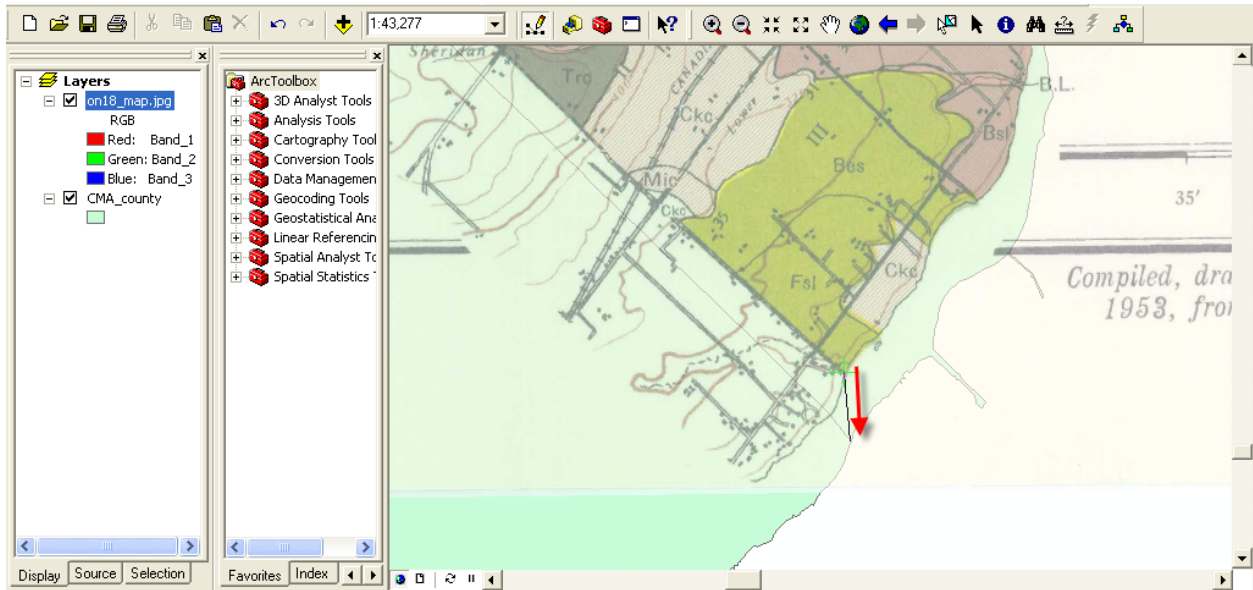
- Click the **Add Control Points** button. Click a point on the soil map image (a green cross will appear) then click a known point on the Toronto CMA boundary file (a red cross will appear). Repeat this step four times using the corners of Peel Region as reference points. **Note:** ArcGIS needs at least 3 control points. Eventually, your image will warp into place.



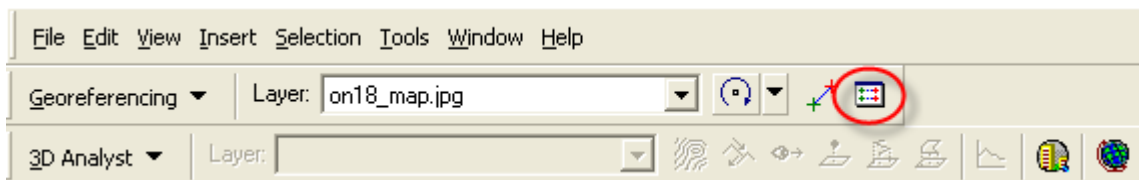


You may want to zoom in order to align the corners more accurately.





Note: In order to edit, delete or save your control points, *click* the **View Link Table** button on the georeferencing task bar.



F. Saving

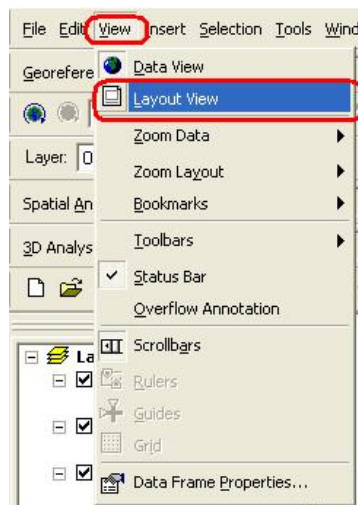
1. In the **Georeferencing** drop down menu, click **Update Georeferencing** to save the transformation information with the raster dataset. This creates a new file with the same name as the raster dataset, but with an .aux file extension. It also creates a world file for .tif and .img files.



G. Preparing the Layout for Printing and Exporting the Map into Various File Formats

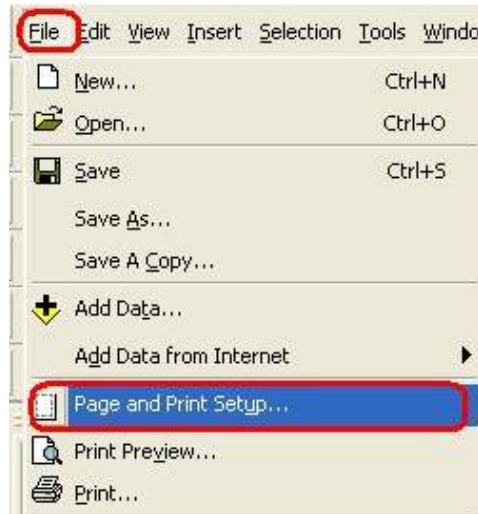
Compared to other GIS software, creating a layout in ArcMap is a simple task. The following section describes how to create a basic layout including the fundamental map elements.

1. To change the View from **Data View** to **Layout View**. *Click View* from the main menu and *Select Layout View* from the drop down menu.

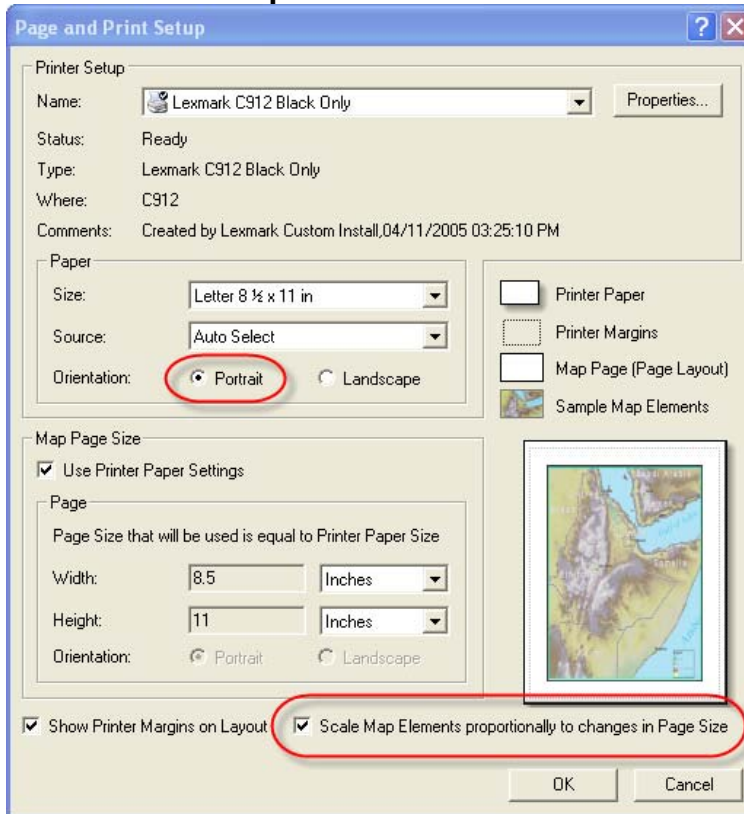


2. **Note:** If your layout view is already in **portrait** view then skip to **step 3**. The Peel County image is elongated vertically, thus it would be more appropriate to

display the map on a portrait image. From the main menu, *click File* then *click Page and Print Setup*.

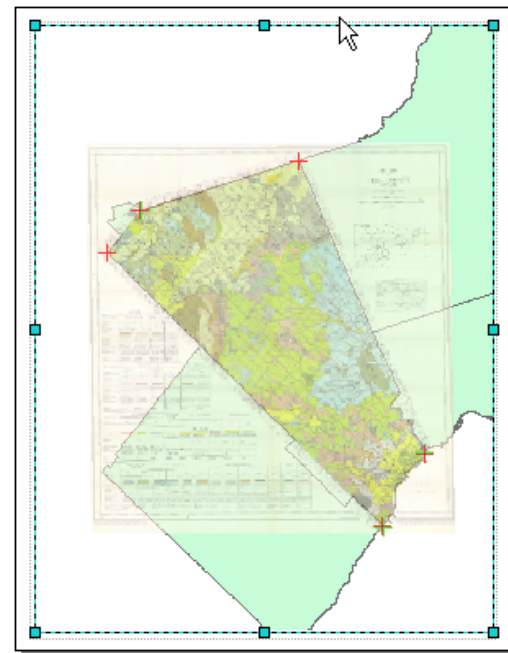


a. In the **Page and Print Setup** window *click on the Portrait* radio button and *check on the Scale Map Elements ...* button. Then *click OK*.

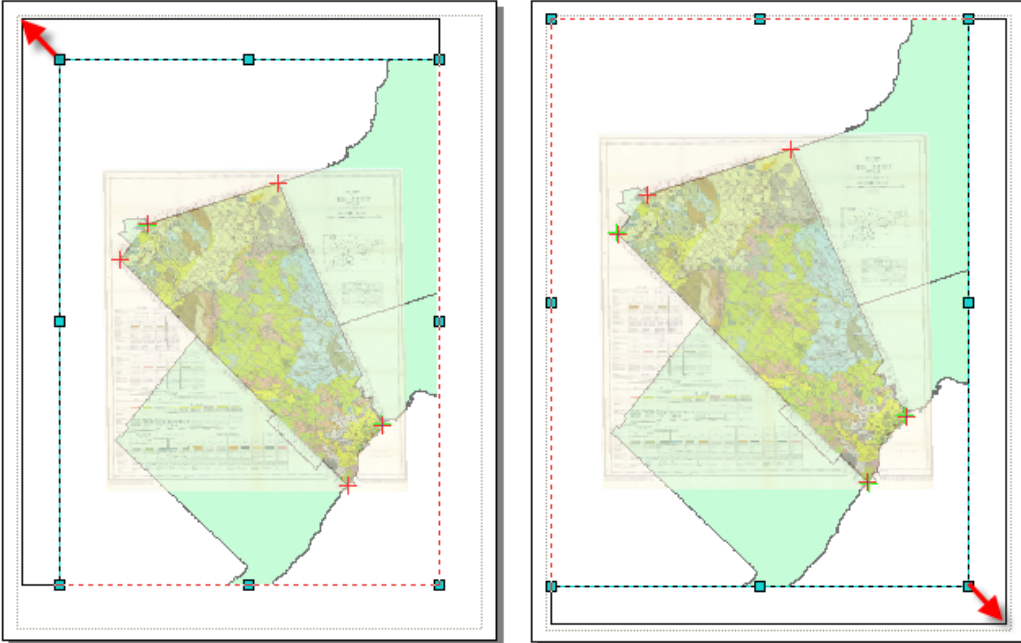


You should notice that your layout view has changed to portrait.

3. Neatline – A neatline is automatically added to the layout view, however, in the previous step we changed



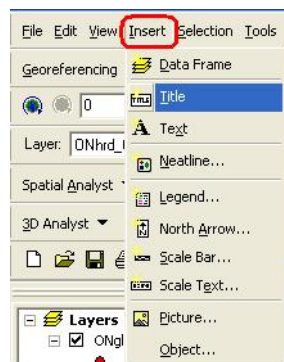
the layout to portrait and now the neatline must be adjusted to fit the print layout. In order to do this, grab one of the corners of the neatline and drag it to the corresponding corner of the page layout (**Do not** pull the corner farther than the dotted lines because anything outside of that region will not be printed). Example below.



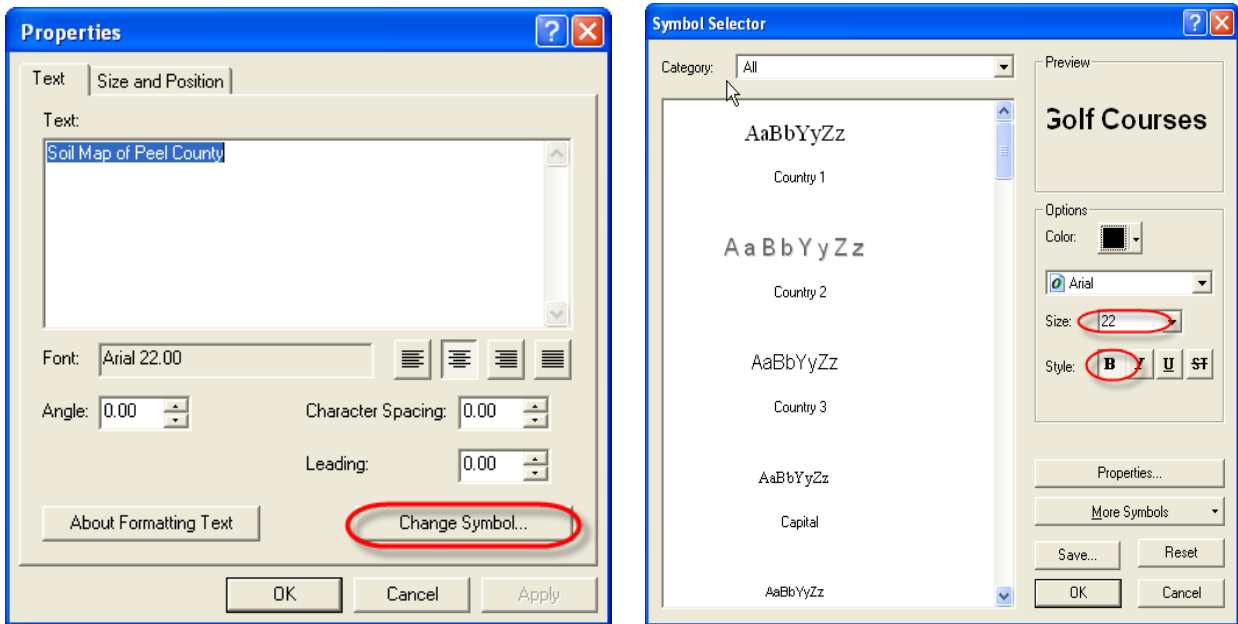
Note: if you would like to add a neatline to other objects in the layout, *click* the object, *click* **Insert** from the main menu, then *click* **Neatline**. The **Neatline** window will appear allowing you to change the properties of the neatline. *Click* **OK**, when you are satisfied with the neatline.

4. *Click* **Insert** from the main menu. In the

ensuing drop down menu, you can add a Title, Legend, North Arrow, and Scale Bar. Once inserted into the layout view, each item can be manipulated by *Double-Clicking* on it. Examples are listed below:



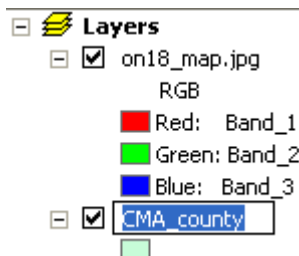
5. **Title** – *Click* **Insert** from the main menu. Select **Title**. In the **Text** textbox type in the title *Major Roads, Highways and Golf Courses in the City of Toronto (2005)* then push **Enter** on your keyboard. *Double-Click* the Title to open the **Properties** window.



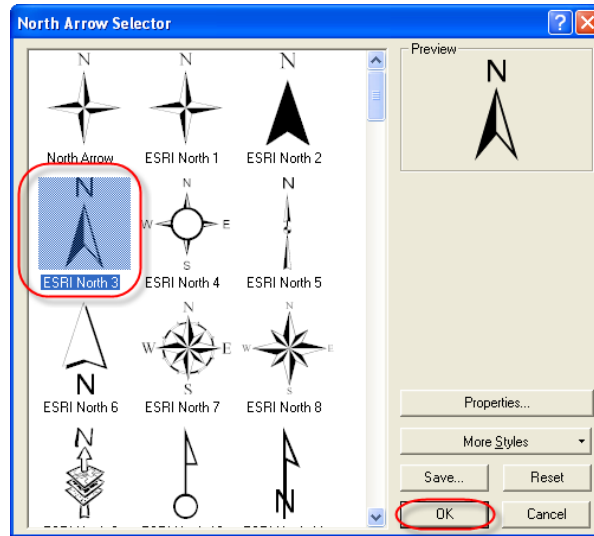
Click **Change Symbol**. In the **Symbol Selector** window, you can change the properties of the text. Click the bolded **B** in order to make the text bold. Change the font size to **22**. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again.

6. Legend - Click **Insert** from the main menu. Select **Legend**. The **Legend Wizard** window will appear. Remove on18_map.jpg from the legend items by highlighting it and selecting the left arrow. Click **Next**. Change the legend title if you wish, otherwise click **Next**. Click **Next** two more times, then click **Finish**. Click and drag the legend from the centre of the layout and move it to the bottom right corner.

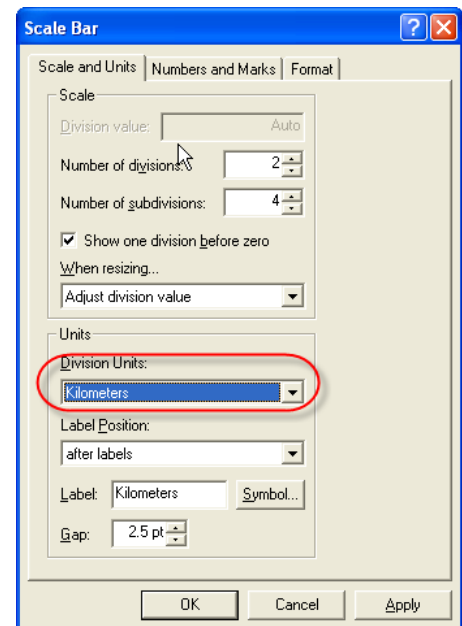
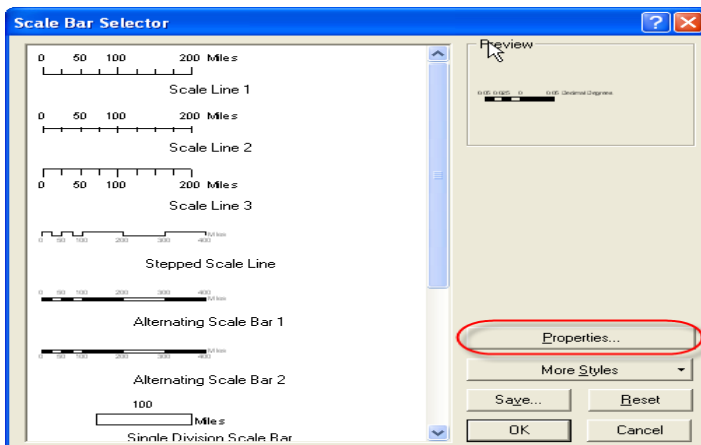
To customize the legend labels, left click the appropriate layer in the **Layer** window then wait two seconds and click it again, you should now be able to change the name.



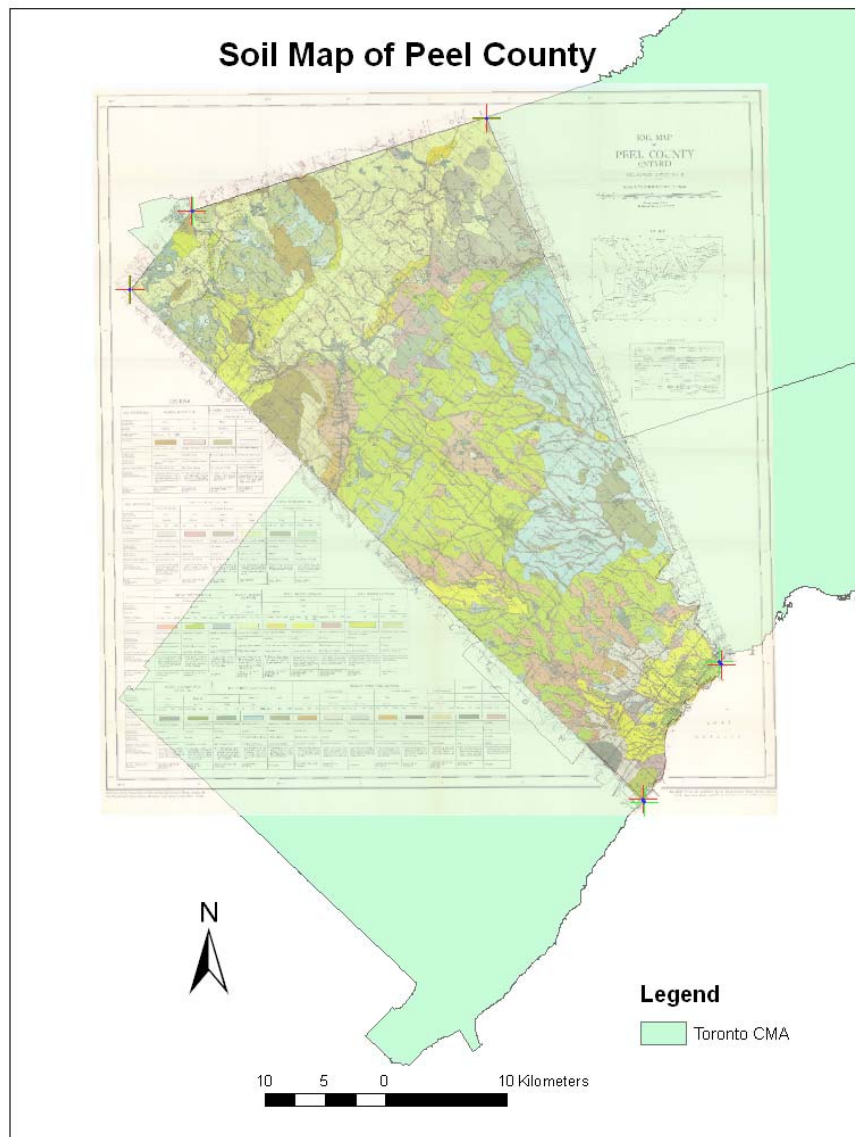
7. North Arrow - Click **Insert** from the main menu. Select **North Arrow**. In the **North Arrow Selector** window, chose an appropriate north arrow then click **OK**. Click and drag the north arrow from the centre of the layout and move it to the bottom left corner.



8. Scale Bar - Click **Insert** from the main menu. Select **Scale Bar**. Click **Properties** to open the **Scale Bar** window. In the **Division Units** textbox, select **kilometers**. Click **OK**. Click **OK**. Click and drag the scale bar from the centre of the layout and move it to an appropriate position below the map.



If done correctly, your map should look like the image below.

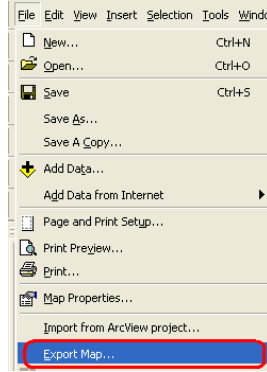


9. To print the map, **Click File** from the main menu and **Select Print** from the drop down menu. After selecting the appropriate printer and print specifications, **Click OK**.

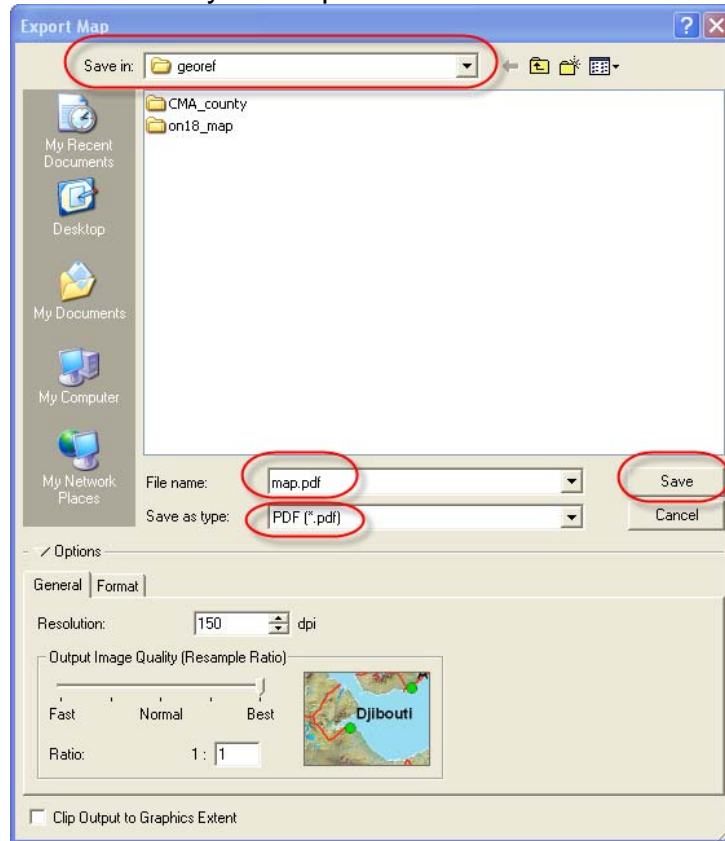
Exporting to PDF or Other Formats

Alternatively, you may opt to export your map and save it for later use rather than printing your map. ArcMap offers a variety of file types that you can save your map as. The following procedure will show you how to export your map, using one of the various file types.

1. Once you have completed *Steps 1* through *8* above or you are satisfied with your map, you may begin the export procedure. **Click File** from the main menu and **Select Export Map**.



2. The **Export Map** window will open. In the **Save In** window, *browse* to the location that you wish to save your map. In the **File Name** text box, chose an appropriate name for your map. In the **Save as Type** textbox *select* the format that you would like to save your map in.



3. *Click* **Save**.

Noel Damba
November 28, 2006